Latin American Politics and Societies

POL 305Y
Tuesday & Thursday 4-6pm
University of Toronto
Fall 2018

Donald V Kingsbury, PhD
Office Hours: Th 2-3:30
(and by appointment)
Sidney Smith Hall, 3033
donald.kingsbury@utoronto.ca

Overview
This historical survey seeks to provide students with the context necessary to understand developments in contemporary Latin American politics. The class develops thematically and chronologically, exposing students to a range of issues and debates from North American and Latin American academic and activist circles. Substantive issues will include the changing face of state sovereignty, human rights and social movements, the legacies of (neo)colonialism, neoliberalism, and ‘21st century socialism.’

Course Requirements
Attendance and active participation at class meetings is expected. Students will be expected to have completed assigned readings for every meeting prior to said meeting. More importantly, students should prepare questions, comments, interventions, and provocations on the day’s themes for use in small group and at-large discussions.

Please Note: Lectures will supplement but not necessarily review assigned readings.

Assessment in this course will be determined by your performance on the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Map Quiz</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>20 September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response Paper I</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>4 October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response Paper II</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>22 November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midterm Exam</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>30 October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exam</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response Papers – Twice during the semester you will be asked to write one-page (500 words, single spaced) responses to your choice of 2-3 prompts. The aim in this sort of writing is to present an argument as clearly and concisely as possible, but without sacrificing evidence to support your claim. You should avoid elaborate introductions and
conclusions. A successful paper will start with a direct thesis statement and then progress to the paper’s argument, concluding with a restatement of the thesis.

Please note, it is nearly impossible to write a response paper without a significant amount of prewriting and revision. There will be many potential arguments to each prompt. Your task is to find the best argument you can make and to make sure that your prose is the servant of your ideas—not vice versa. Response papers will be due via turnitin.com before the start of the following classes:

*Midterm Exam* – The midterm will be held in class and will be comprised of identification and short answer questions.

*Final Exam* – The comprehensive final exam will also be comprised of identification and short answer questions. A study guide will be posted on the last day of lecture. It will be held during the December 2018 exam period.

All late work will have its assessment reduced by 5% for each day past the deadline, effectively immediately.

**Grading Rubric:**

A: Excellent work, with clear, challenging, original ideas supported by sufficient, appropriate, logically interpreted evidence. The essay should engage the reader in the inquiry, convincingly answer opposing views, be well organized, and free of significant flaws. An ‘A’ paper should be not just good but outstanding in ideas and presentation.

B: Good to very good work, with a clear thesis supported by sufficient, appropriate evidence, organized and interpreted logically. The ‘B’ paper may have some outstanding qualities but be marked by significant flaws which keep it from being an ‘A’; or it may be all-around good work, free of major problems but lacking the deeper insight necessary for excellence.

C: Satisfactory work, but not yet good. The ‘C’ paper meets the basic requirements of a thesis supported by interpretation of specific evidence, but it needs work in thinking and/or presentation. There may be a lack of clarity, the evidence may not always be sufficient and appropriate, or the interpretation may have logical flaws. The essay may have organizational or mechanical problems that keep it from being good. The ‘C’ paper may be good in some respects but poor in others, or it may simply be adequate but not noteworthy overall.

D: Barely passing work that shows effort but is so marred by serious problems that it cannot be considered a satisfactory paper. Papers without a readily identifiable thesis are liable to be graded ‘D’.

No Pass: Failing work—for example, a hasty, sloppy paper that shows little or no thought, effort, or familiarity with the text.
Please Note: Poor mechanics detract from your grades, but good mechanics by themselves do not make a good paper. Sloppy grammar, punctuation, and spelling tax the goodwill of your reader, which all effective writing is careful to respect. These problems won’t be overlooked, since they affect the communication of thought— but thoughtful work is the most important.

A Note on Decorum, Etiquette, and Ethics
As an instructor, I want nothing more than to encourage lively debate charged by principled and studied disagreement. These sorts of conflictual encounters are where we often find ourselves learning the most. It is imperative that the classroom and lecture hall are safe spaces where everyone feels comfortable and inspired to participate. I have a strict zero tolerance policy for discriminatory behaviour of any sort. Derogatory comments aimed at one’s gender, race, class, sexuality, and ability are as repugnant as they are unhelpful and have no place in the classroom.

Students are strongly advised to keep rough and draft work and hard copies of their essays and assignments before handing them in to the instructor. These should be kept until the marked assignments have been returned and the grades posted to ROSI.

Plagiarism is a serious academic offence and will be dealt with accordingly. For further clarification and information on plagiarism please see Writing at the University of Toronto, http://writing.utoronto.ca/advice/using-sources.

Information about the English Language Learning program (ELL) is available at http://www.artsci.utoronto.ca/current/advising/ell. Students looking to build on their language strengths might also consider other opportunities, such as:

- the Communication Cafe, which meets weekly at four different times and locations for the first five weeks of each term for practice with oral skills like class discussion and presentations
- Reading eWriting, an online program that helps students engage course readings more effectively. You can also find further instructional advice files for students and for classroom instruction on this site.

For more information, please contact me either via email or directly, or feel free to contact the ELL Coordinator Leora Freedman at leora.freedman@utoronto.ca

Primary Texts:


Mark Goodale & Nancy Postero, eds. *Neoliberalism, Interrupted*. (Palo Alto:

All other texts will be available on Blackboard or through the students’ own ingenuity.

**Current Events and Further Reading**

Coverage of Latin American Political, Economic, and Social happenings in the US and Canada are often poor at best, and usually absent from the news cycle entirely. I encourage students to do their best to keep abreast of regional happenings by following local newspapers, language skills permitting, or by periodically checking in with the work of think tanks, development agencies and Non-Governmental Organizations, and scholarly associations. For example:

Links including everything from online newspapers to government ministries is The Latin America Network Information Center. [http://lanic.utexas.edu](http://lanic.utexas.edu)

The Washington Office on Latin America is a policy lobbying organization focusing on issues of human rights, security and justice. [http://www.wola.org](http://www.wola.org)

NACLA Report offers analysis of Latin American conditions from a critical perspective. [http://www.nacla.org](http://www.nacla.org)

Good analysis on regional trends in crime and public insecurity. [http://www.insightcrime.org](http://www.insightcrime.org)

Resource for political movements and activism in Latin America, from the perspective of movement participants. [http://upsidedownworld.org](http://upsidedownworld.org)

Inter-American Dialogue (analysis of political and economic trends) [http://thedialogue.org](http://thedialogue.org)

The United States Institute of Peace (conflict resolution, includes database of peace accord documents) [http://www.usip.org](http://www.usip.org)

Also offering excellent analysis of regional trends is the Canadian Foundation for the Americas, FOCAL. [http://www.focal.ca](http://www.focal.ca)

Among Latin American based research centers, for wide-ranging and timely scholarship see FLACSO (with sites in several LA countries) [http://www.flacso.org](http://www.flacso.org)
Schedule of Readings and Meetings

Please Note: Readings may be added and/or adjusted according to pressing events

6 September – Introduction to the course and themes

Part One: Basics and Political ‘Tour’ of Latin America and the Caribbean.

11 September – Conceptions of Democracy & Citizenship
(Regional Introduction: Mexico and Central America)


13 September – Geopolitics and Dependent Development
(Regional Introduction: Caribbean)

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 6” in Comparative Politics of Latin America


18 September – The State, Presidential Systems, and Social Movements
(Regional Introduction: The Andes)

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 13” in Comparative Politics of Latin America

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 12” in Comparative Politics of Latin America


20 September – Inequality and Exclusion in Economic and Social Registers
(Regional Introduction: The Southern Cone)

Leonardo Gasparini and Guillermo Cruces (2013) “Poverty and Inequality in

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 2” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*

25 September – Populism and Corporatism  
*(Regional Focus: Southern Cone)*

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 5” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*


27 September -- Neoliberalism and After


John C Chasteen (2016) “Chapter 11” in *Born and Blood and Fire*

Goodale & Postero (2013) “Revolution and Retrenchment: Illuminating the Present in Latin America” in *Neoliberalism, Interrupted*

Part Two: Latin America in Historical Perspective

2 October – *From Reconquista to ‘Discovery’: Genocide, Colonization, and Extraction*

John Chasteen (2016) “Chapter 2” in *Born in Blood and Fire*


*Suggested Additional Reading/Viewing:*

Film: Tomás Gutiérrez Alea (1976) *La Ultima Cena* (The Last Supper)  
***Please note: if there is sufficient interest, we can arrange an extracurricular screening for this film.***

4 October – Syncretism and Patterned Inequality

In class screening of *The Devil’s Miner* (Kief Davidson & Richard Ladkani, 2005)


9 October – Colonial Life and Postcolonial Blues

John Chasteen (2016) “Chapter 3” in *Born in Blood and Fire*

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 4” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*.

11 October – The Mexican Revolution


Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 9” ***especially pps. 253-267 in *Comparative Politics of Latin America***

16 October – Populism, Development, Urbanization

John Chasteen (2016) “Chapter 7” in *Born in Blood and Fire*

John Chasteen (2016) “Chapter 8” in *Born in Blood and Fire*


18 October – Dependency and Revolution

John Chasteen (2016) “Chapter 9” in *Born in Blood and Fire*


Intro, Part V, Epilogue

Selected Further Reading/Viewing:
Film: Octavio Getino and Fernando Solanas (1968) *La Hora de los Hornos: Notas y Testimonios sobre el neocolonialismo, la violencia, y la liberación* 
(*The Hour of the Furnaces: Notes and Testimonies on neocolonialism, violence, and liberation*)

***Please note: if there is sufficient interest, we can arrange an extracurricular screening for this film.***

23 October – Reaction

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 7” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 10” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*

25 October – Democracy: Transitions and Limitations

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 8” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*

Daniel Hellinger (2015) “Chapter 9” in *Comparative Politics of Latin America*

Christopher Krupa (2013) “Neoliberal Reckoning: Ecuador’s Truth Commission and the Mythopoetics of Political Violence” in *Neoliberalism, Interrupted*

30 October – In class midterm exam

1 November – Borders, Migration, Refugees

In Class Screening of *Sin Nombre* (Fukunaga, 2009)

Take a listen: ‘What we saw at the Border’ *WOLA Podcast*

[https://www.wola.org/analysis/what-we-saw-at-the-border/](https://www.wola.org/analysis/what-we-saw-at-the-border/)

Have a look: WOLA Migration and Border Security Program

[https://www.wola.org/program/migration-border-security/](https://www.wola.org/program/migration-border-security/)

6 November – Reading Week, No Class

8 November – Reading Week, No Class

Part Three: Contemporary Case Studies

13 November – Brazil: Inequality and Development in the Region’s Superpower


15 November -- Bolivia, Indigeneity, & “Andean-Amazonian Capitalism”

Linda Farthing and Benjamin Kohl (2014) Evo’s Bolivia: Continuity and Change. (Austin, TX: University of Texas Press), Ch. 2.


20 November -- Venezuela and 21st Century Socialism


22 November – Honduras and the ‘New Canadian Imperialism’


27 November -- China: A Multipolar Future, or More of the Same?


http://upsidedownworld.org/main/international-archives-60/5247-china-stakes-its-claim-in-latin-america

Shannon Tiezzi (2015) “China is Watching as US Seeks to Smooth Ties with Latin America”


29 November – After the Pink Tide

Miguel Ángel Contreras Natera (2013) “Insurgent Imaginaries and Postneoliberalism in Latin America” in *Neoliberalism, Interrupted*.


4 December – Class Wrap Up

***Final exam to be held during exam week, date and time TBA***